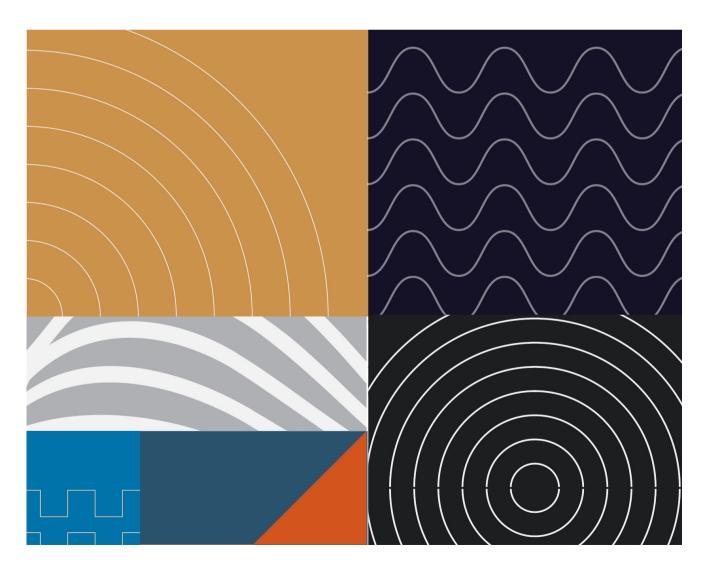


**WHITEPAPERS** 

## Speaker Power & Distance





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### Speaker Sensitivity

When designers and engineers consider a speaker to integrate into their product, most focus on the speaker's power handling as a gauge of how loud a speaker can play and it's quality.

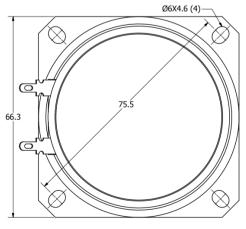
More attention needs to be paid to the sensitivity rating of a speaker, which we call out as the SPL rating on our speaker specifications. This SPL rating is listed with a given input at a fixed distance. When both the power handling and SPL ratings are considered, one can start to get the true picture of a speaker's maximum output capability.

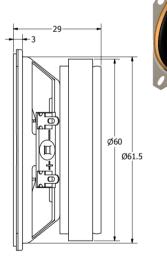
#### Let's take a look at one of our louder speakers, the ASO6608PS-R.

SPECIFICATIONS				
PARAMETERS	VALUES	UNITS		
RATED INPUT POWER	4	W		
MAX INPUT POWER	5	W		
IMPEDANCE	8 ± 15%	OHM		
OUTPUT SPL @ 1W/0.5M	95 ± 3	dBA		
(AT 1.0, 1.4, 1.7, 2.0 kHz)	95 ± 3	UDA		
DISTORTION (MAX.)	5%	-		
RESONANT FREQUENCY	230 ± 20%	Hz		
FREQUENCY RANGE	230 ~ 12,000	Hz		
HOUSING MATERIAL	METAL	-		
CONE MATERIAL	PAPER	-		
MAGNET MATERIAL	FERRITE	-		
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-20 ~ +50	°C		
WEIGHT	204	grams		

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REVISION HISTORY					
LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED		
-	RELEASED FROM ENGINEERING	9/12/2005			
Α	REVISED TO INVENTOR 3-D DRAWING TEMPLATE	1/19/2009	B.R.		
В	REVISED HOLE TO HOLE DIMENSION	9/13/2013	M.L.		
С	REVISED ROHS STATUS	9/13/2013	M.L.		







- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2. SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR WITHDRAWL WITHOUT NOTICE.

3. THIS PART IS RoHS 2011/65/EU COMPLIANT.

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:	0175
DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.	SIZE
TOLERANCES ARE ±0.5 AND ANGLES ARE ±3°.	<b>A3</b>
AS06608F	S-R.idw

Designed by	Date	Checked by		ecked by Date A		Date	1	Drawn Date
J.A.F.	9/12/2005	B.R.		9/12/2005	E.P.	9/12/20	005 1	/19/2009
PUlgudio		AS06608PS-R						
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		- 1		Spe	aker		-	1/1

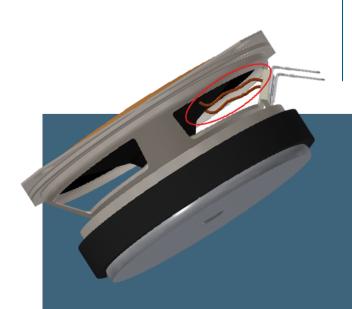
## The Effect of Power on SPL

You have to double the input power to produce a 3 dB increase in sound output (assuming the speaker is not reaching its limits). Therefore we can produce a table for how loud the speaker will play with a specific starting power:

For each doubling of input power to the
speaker, there will be a 3 dB increase in
output. Take note of the power handling limit
highlighted in yellow. What this illustrates is
that additional power only adds a small
amount of additional sound pressure over the
initial SPL measured with 1 watt of input
power. With most speakers, 80% to 90% of
their maximum output is generated in that
first watt.

Many customers exceed the speaker's power rating to squeeze just a little more output from a speaker. While this might not immediately damage the speaker, it does place additional stress on the tinsel leads (circled in red below) that connect the electrical terminals to the speaker's voice coil. If stressed for too long, these will break, and the speaker will fail to operate.

Power in Watts	Volume in dB
1	95
2	98
4	101
8	104
16	107
32	110
64	113
128	116
256	119
512	122



Sending a clipped signal can also damage the tinsel leads, as well as overheat the voice coil. This is mostly due to the speaker being forced to its inner and outermost positions for too long.

## The Effect of Distance on SPL

Another consideration to take into account is distance. A speaker with a sensitivity rating of 95 dB @ 1W/50cm, has the same SPL as a speaker rated at 89 dB @ 1W/1m and the same as a speaker rated at 109 dB @ 1W/10 cm.

This is due to a  $\sim$ 6 dB increase with each halving of the measurement distance, and a 20 dB increase when decreasing the distance to 1/10 of the original, giving us the tables below.

DISTANCE						
Sound pressure loss in free space						
Distance	·,					
(m)	drop	(m)	drop			
1	0	26	28.30			
2	6.02	27	28.63			
3	9.54	28	28.94			
4	12.04	29	29.25			
5	13.98	30	29.54			
6	15.56	31	29.83			
7	16.90	32	30.10			
8	18.06	33	30.37			
9	19.08	34	30.63			
10	20.00	35	30.88			
11	20.83	36	31.13			
12	21.58	37	31.36			
13	22.28	38	31.60			
14	22.92	39	31.82			
15	23.52	40	32.04			
16	24.08	41	32.26			
17	24.61	42	32.46			
18	25.11	43	32.67			
19	25.58	44	32.87			
20	26.02	45	33.06			
21	26.44	46	33.26			
22	26 85	47	33 44			

SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL Vs

SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL Vs DISTANCE					
	Sound pressure loss in free space				
Distance	dB	Distance	dB		
(cm)	drop	(cm)	drop		
10	0	260	28.30		
20	6.02	270	28.63		
30	9.54	280	28.94		
40	12.04	290	29.25		
50	13.98	300	29.54		
60	15.56	310	29.83		
70	16.90	320	30.10		
80	18.06	330	30.37		
90	19.08	340	30.63		
100	20.00	350	30.88		
110	20.83	360	31.13		
120	21.58	370	31.36		
130	22.28	380	31.60		
140	22.92	390	31.82		
150	23.52	400	32.04		
160	24.08	410	32.26		
170	24.61	420	32.46		
180	25.11	430	32.67		
190	25.58	440	32.87		
200	26.02	450	33.06		
210	26.44	460	33.26		
220	26.85	470	33.44		
230	27.23	480	33.62		
240	27.60	490	33.80		
250	27.96	500	33.98		

Keep in mind that this works in reverse as well. A speaker rated at 95 dB at 10 cm will measure 75 dB at 1 meter and a speaker with a rating of 100 dB at 1 meter will measure 106 dB at 50 cm or 84.44 dB at 6 meters.

23

24

25

27.23

27.60

27.96

48

49

50

33.62

33.80

33.98

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# Now that we have done the math, let us look at where this leaves us.

If you need a measured sound pressure level of 80 dB at 3 meters, and you have 4 watts available from your amplifier, the needed sensitivity at 1 watt and measured at 1 meter would be 83.54 dB and the speaker would need to have a rated input power of 4 watts.

#### Here is how we arrived at that number:

- Add 9.54 to 80 to arrive at what SPL the speaker will need to achieve at 1 meter.
- Subtract 6 dB for the amount of gain from the power increase from 1 watt to 4 watts.

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